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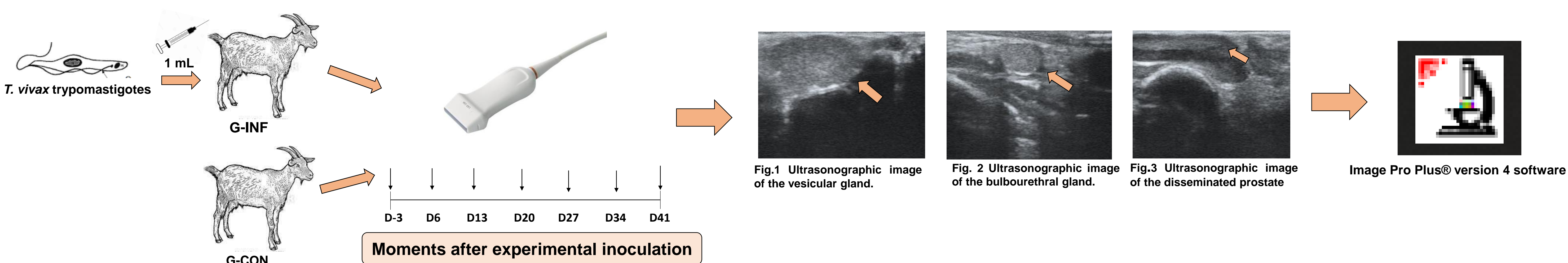
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INTRODUCTION AND OBJECTIVE

Trypanosoma vivax is a hemoparasite that affects negatively the reproductive system of ruminants. Despite the importance of accessory sex glands in the composition of seminal plasma, there is no information about their involvement in *T. vivax* infections in goats. Our objective was to identify possible alterations and characterize the ultrasonographic attributes of these tissues.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Eight animals were infected (G-INF) by intravenous inoculation of 1×10^4 *T. vivax* trypomastigotes and the other 5 were kept as negative control group (G-CON). These animals were submitted to Mode-B ultrasound examination for evaluation of the sexual glands.



RESULTS

			-3	6	13	20	27	34	41	G-CON	G-INF	P value		
												Group	Day	Int
VG	NPV		102.60 ±2.81	102.91 ±2.81	105.05 ±2.81	105.20 ±2.81	101.00 ±2.81	105.72 ±2.81	99.75 ±2.81	99.76 ±2.27	106.60 ±1.80	0.04	0.40	0.93
	HET		13.78 ±1.20	14.48 ±1.20	17.91 ±1.20	13.78 ±1.20	13.68 ±1.20	13.24 ±1.20	13.50 ±1.20	14.91 ±0.66	13.76 ±0.52	0.20	0.10	0.20
BG	NPV		104.70 ±13.4	105.25 ±13.14	103.64 ±13.14	105.61 ±13.14	149.18 ±13.14	108.94 ±13.14	105.50 ±13.14	118.91 ±7.93	104.60 ±6.27	0.18	0.16	0.17
	HET		18.64 ±0.79	19.98 ±0.79	19.29 ±0.79	19.68 ±0.79	19.75 ±0.79	17.98 ±0.79	17.10 ±0.79	19.92 ±0.62	17.92 ±0.49	0.03	0.12	0.21
DP	NPV		97.27 ±3.53	104.07 ±3.53	101.81 ±3.53	103.49 ±3.53	97.26 ±3.53	100.12 ±3.53	98.46 ±3.53	99.85 ±2.64	100.87 ±2.09	0.77	0.56	0.61
	HET		14.39 ±0.95	15.22 ±0.95	15.09 ±0.95	15.97 ±0.95	15.84 ±0.95	15.86 ±0.95	16.07 ±0.95	14.40 ±0.60	16.58 ±0.47	0.02	0.88	0.95

Table 1. Adjusted means ± EPM of the mean numerical pixel value (NPV) and parenchyma heterogeneity (HET) of the vesicular (VG), bulbourethral (BG) and disseminated prostate (DP) glands of young goats, according to the main group effects (infected - G-INF and control - G-CON) and moments in relation to the experimental inoculation of *T. vivax*.

DISCUSSION

The increase in NPV is indicative of increase in reflective surfaces, which may be due to fibrin and/or fibrosis. HET, on the other hand, represents the variation of hypo and hyperechogenic areas and may be indicative of tissue modification, possibly due an inflammatory process.

CONCLUSION

Based on the results of the present study, we conclude that increase in NPV in GV and HET in PD and GB were indicative of tissue alterations promoted by *T. vivax*, which were detectable by ultrasonography.

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